About the Air Quality Index

The **Air Quality Index** is a measurement of air quality that is calculated from ozone and fine particle pollution measurements over the past few hours. A higher AQI indicates a higher level of air pollution, and consequently, a greater potential for health problems.

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| **Level** | **Color** | **Description** |
| \*\* | White | Air quality information is unavailable. |
| 0-50 | Green | Good air quality. Little or no health risk. |
| 51-100 | Yellow | Moderate air quality. People who are unusually sensitive to air pollution may be mildly affected. |
| 101-150 | Orange | Unhealthy for sensitive groups. These groups may experience health problems due to air pollution. |
| 151-200 | Red | Unhealthy. The general public may experience mild health effects. Sensitive groups may have more serious health problems. |
| 201-300 | Purple | Very unhealthy. Everyone is susceptible to more serious health problems. |

[More information from EPA](http://cfpub.epa.gov/airnow/index.cfm?action=static.aqi)